NAME:

- 1. Tissue processing basket (This should be done the day before processing.)
 - 1. Take Tissue processing basket(s) out of the acetone jar and air dry.
 - 2. Rinse the basket(s) a few times with Na cacodylate buffer (0.1M).

2. Epoxy resin (This can be done the day before processing.)

- Beakers A and B: Mix for \geq 15 min with the beakers covered with aluminum foil.
- Beaker A+B: Mix A and B for 15 min, then add DMP-30, followed by mixing for another 15 min. If preparing the day before, wait until the next day to mix DMP-30.

		For Day 1		For Day 2			
	А	В	A+B	А	В	A+B	
LX112	7.00 g	18.00 g	-	14.00 g	36.00 g	-	
DDSA		-	-		-	-	
NMA	-		-	-		-	
А	-	-	13.5 g	-	-	27 g	
В	-	-	31.5 g	-	-	63 g	
DMP-30	-	-	0.63 g	-	-	1.26 g	

NOTE: The amounts of DDSA and NMA must be adjusted according to the WPE value indicated on the LX-112 bottle. Refer to the table in the full protocol and record their amounts in this table. Also record WPE of LX-112 here:

- 3. Reagents for osmium fixation, dehydration, and en bloc UA staining
 - In 50-ml conical tubes, add:
 - \circ ddH₂O: 25 ml for setup + 20 ml for processing
 - Na cacodylate buffer (SCB; 0.2M): 12 ml for setup
 - Na cacodylate buffer (0.1M): ~150 ml total for processing
 - In the labeled scintillation vials, prepare the following (Mix well by shaking after adding each reagent):

Reagents	Reduced Osmium*		1% OsO₄	EtOH	EtOH + UA				EtOH	
(add in this order \downarrow)	1	2	KFeCN	**	50%	50%	70%	90%	100%	100%
ddH ₂ O	-	-	5 ml	3 ml	5 ml	5 ml	3 ml	1 ml	-	-
KFeCN	-	-	0.3 g	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.2M SCB	3 ml	3 ml	-	6 ml	-	-	-	-	-	-
4% OsO ₄	3 ml	-	-	3 ml	-	-	-	-	-	-
EtOH	-	-	-	-	5 ml	-	2 ml	4 ml	5 ml	10 ml
2% UA	-	-	-	-	-	5 ml	5 ml	5 ml	5 ml	-

*Reduced osmium:

- 1. Add 3 ml of KFeCN solution to vial 2.
- 2. Place vials 1 and 2 on ice.
- 3. When ready, pour vials 1 and 2 back and forth to mix well before adding to tissue.

**1% OsO₄: Keep vial on ice until use.

4. Reagents for infiltration

- Prepare ~2 ml per tissue of the following:
 - 1:1 = EtOH : propylene oxide (PO)
 - 1:2 = EtOH : PO
 - 100% PO
 - 1:1 = PO : Resin
 - 1:2 = PO : Resin
- 5. Microwave
 - 1. Fill load cooler with fresh RO water and eliminate air bubbles. Make sure pump is on.
 - 2. Set power level to 1 (175W).
 - 3. Run microwave for 2 min to warm up magnetron.

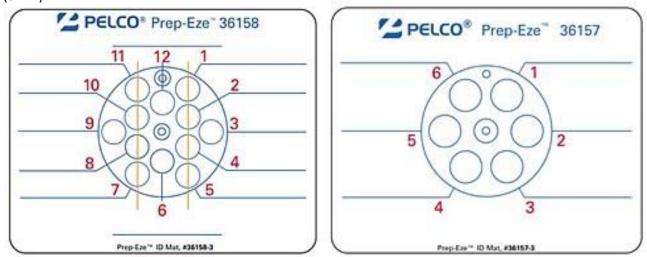
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NAME:

6. Processing (4 days)

DAY 1 (Date:

- Place a piece of absorbent paper on work surface in the fume hood. Prepare new solid waste bags.
- Embed vibrasliced tissue in 7-9% agarose, and place them into processing basket filled with Na cacodylate buffer (0.1M).



Description of tissue (e.g., animal ID, vibraslice ID, experiment description, genotype, etc.):

DAY 1 continued (Date:)
Na cacodylate buffer (0.1M) rinses, 5 min × 5
Reduced osmium, 5 min Na cacodylate buffer (0.1M), 5 min × 5 Microwave power setting 1 (175W), under vacuum \circ 1% OsO ₄ , 1 min ON \rightarrow 1min OFF \rightarrow 1 min ON \circ Cool the tissue to about 15°C. \circ 1% OsO ₄ , 1 min ON \rightarrow 1min OFF \rightarrow 1 min ON
Na cacodylate buffer (0.1M) rinses, 2 min × 5
ddH ₂ O rinses, 2 min × 2
 50% EtOH, 5 min Microwave power setting 2 (250W), no vacuum 50% EtOH + UA, 40 s 70% EtOH + UA, 40 s 90% EtOH + UA, 40 s 100% EtOH + UA, 40 s 100% EtOH, 40 s
Transfer tissue into shell vials filled with 1:1 = EtOH : PO.
Infiltration (on rotator)
• 1:1 = EtOH : PO, 10 min
• 1:2 = EtOH : PO, 10 min
 100% PO, 15 min × 2

- 1:1 = PO : Resin, 1 hr _____
- 1:2 = PO : Resin, overnight ____

DAY 2 (Date:

Waste: Aldehydes-Caco Osmium-KFeCN

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UA-EtOH

Flammable PO-Resin

- 100% Resin, 1 hr × 3 _____
- Transfer tissue into mold, fill with resin, and place in 60°C oven for 48 hrs. Current time is: ______.



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NAME:

DAY 2 continued (Date:

- Clean up after yourself.
 - Excess liquid resin: Collect into a disposable beaker along with other resin-contaminated supplies (all vials must be uncapped), then place in 60°C oven for 48 hrs.
 - Solid waste: All vials must be uncapped. Place all UA-contaminated waste (incl. absorbent paper) in a dedicated bag. Other solid waste should be placed in a "No UA" waste bag.
 - 12- or 24-well plates with vibraslices: Discard all liquid into "Aldehydes-Caco" waste bottle. Then place the plates into "No UA" solid waste bag.

<u>DAY 3</u> (Date:

• Continue resin polymerization. You may check and adjust the positioning of tissue at this point.

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DAY 4 (Date: , Time:

- Take the resin-embedded tissue blocks out of oven. Remove the blocks out of the mold immediately and store in the cardboard pill boxes labeled with block identification numbers.
- Take solidified resin waste into "Solid Resin" waste drum.

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- Examine the blocks under the stereomicroscope and record their images before trimming and cutting.
- Scan this note into a pdf file.