$$Y_{ij} \sim \mathcal{B}eta(\mu\delta, (1-\mu)\delta)$$
$$\operatorname{logit}(\mu) = \log(\frac{\mu}{1-\mu}) = \alpha + X_{ij}\beta + \theta_j$$

Y is the response (forest cover), X is the covariate (precipitation), for the  $i{\rm th}$  observation in the  $j{\rm th}$  site.

 $\theta_j$  are site-level deviations from the overall intercept. These are drawn from a normal distribution with variance  $\tau$ .

$$\theta_j \sim \mathcal{N}ormal(0, 1000)$$

 $\alpha$  is the intercept,  $\beta$  is the slope (all on the logit scale).  $\delta$  is a parameter controlling the dispersion (variance) around the mean. These (and  $\tau$ ) are all parameters which have vague priors, and are estimated by MCMC.

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha &\sim \mathcal{N}ormal(0, 1000) \\ \beta &\sim \mathcal{N}ormal(0, 1000) \\ \tau &\sim \mathcal{G}amma(0.01, 0.01) \\ \delta &\sim \mathcal{G}amma(0.01, 0.01) \end{aligned}$$