Ready to submit samples? Use these links

To submit a new project or get detailed pricing information, use these links. You'll be given a 6-digit request ID to refer to your request later. Your requests stay here until you're ready to submit samples. You return to this link when you're ready to submit your samples.

1. Log in in the upper right corner with your EID
   - Don't have an EID, or haven't submitted a sample to us before? Please go read this page for a short orientation before you get started.

2. Select this link to enter a new project (a.k.a. "job request") (you must log in first - upper right corner)
   - See this web page for sample input guidelines.
   - For Metagenomics and GBS projects, note that DNA concentrations should be normalized before submission.
   - Have a lot of samples? Download this sample submission template (required for jobs with more than 30 samples; optional otherwise)

Announcements:

Join us for the GSAF Spring Lunch and Learn Series

Single-cell RNA Sequencing (Illumina)
- Wednesday April 12, 11am - 12:30pm
- MBB 1.210
- Next-Generation Sequencing Tools for Single-Cell Gene Expression and Transcriptome Analysis
- Mehdi Keddache, PhD, Sequencing and Data Analysis Specialist, Illumina Inc.
- More information at Illumina's Event Registration Page

Long-read Sequencing Technology and Applications (Oxford Nanopore Technologies)
- Tuesday April 25, 12 noon - 1:30pm
- NHB 1.720
- Real time DNA sequencing using Oxford Nanopore Technologies 'Nanopore Sensing' Platform
- James Brayer, Associate Director, Market Development
  - Talk abstract
  Oxford Nanopore Technologies has developed a disruptive platform for the direct, electronic analysis of single molecules. Our instruments the MinION™, the PromethION™ and the GridION X5™ are adaptable for the detection and analysis of a range of analytes that include DNA, RNA, proteins and small molecules. At the heart of our platform is a biological protein called a ‘nanopore’. A single nanopore create a hole in a membrane made from a proprietary synthetic polymer. An electric potential is applied across the membrane resulting in a current flowing only through the aperture of the nanopore. Single molecules that enter the nanopore cause characteristic disruptions in the current, by measuring these disruptions single molecules from a sample are identified. The MinION is a small device that is designed for portability and simplicity of its workflow. The MinION plugs into a standard PC or laptop using the USB port. GridION X5 is a compact benchtop system designed to run and analyse up to five MinION Flow Cells. The PromethION is a standalone high throughput benchtop instrument that provides the flexibility to run up to 192 libraries in an asynchronous manner. This allows for large projects that requires the flexibility and throughput to interrogate complex eukaryotic genomes. Oxford Nanopore is integrating the data produced by the MinION, the GridION X5 and the PromethION into a cloud-based analytics company, Metrichor. Metrichor is powered by its EPI2ME platform. Metrichor is providing tools to automate data analysis workflows to help people track, trend and predict biological data resulting in real time actionable interpretation of their data. Users of the technology have access to our ‘Nanopore Community’. The Nanopore Community helps new users get started with technical documentation as well as user driven forums and encourages discussion and collaborative experimentation using our technology. There is a growing list of publications on the many uses for our nanopore sensing platform that include field based applications, real time pathogen detection and surveillance, metagenomics analysis, anti-microbial resistance detection, education and many more including sequencing on the International Space Station. I look forward to sharing with you the unique opportunities enabled by our nanopore sensing approach.
  - Reserve your lunch at https://utexas.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV_0O1FrR6CsHkL941

Long-read Sequencing Technology and Applications (Pacific Biosciences)
- Wednesday April 26, 11am - 1:00 pm
PacBio® is the world leader in long-read sequencing. PacBio SMRT Sequencing delivers an average ~10-15 kb read length, high consensus accuracy, and uniform coverage, with simultaneous epigenetic characterization and single-molecule resolution. SMRT Sequencing is preferred for a variety of applications to achieve a comprehensive view of genomes and is available via the Sequel System. Join us to hear the latest updates on application and platform development at PacBio.

Dr. Harold Lee attended the University of Texas at Austin, where he studied the incorporation kinetics of the Mitochondrial DNA polymerase in the lab of Dr. Kenneth Johnson. After earning his PhD in 2005, he went to Bill Konigsberg’s lab at Yale where he studied the RB69 DNA polymerase. He joined the enzymology group within the R&D department at Pacific Biosciences in 2008, where he was part of a team developing and characterizing the polymerases used in the SMRT sequencing technology. Harold joined the field team in 2011 and is currently a senior field applications scientist.

Topics covered will include:
1. Technology overview- SMRT sequencing introduction and overview of technology and instrumentation.
2. Applications - WGS, Metagenomics, Whole Shotgun approach, 16S approach, iso-Seq (RNA-seq), Isoform discovery, Epigenetic Applications.
3. Overview of capabilities: Limits of sensitivity, targeted and amplicon sequencing, CCS reads, coverage on targeted sequencing, phasing ability.

Reserve your lunch at https://utexas.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV_0dIxzrcNS7Fa1Sd
The UT GSAF serves a wide array of customers and has gained considerable experience in preparing samples and analyzing data for NGS projects. We have industry-leading platforms and some user-accessible instruments. If you're just considering a project or are ready to sequence, we're here to give you great data quickly and affordably. Click to expand...

The GSAF is housed in approximately 2,000 square feet of controlled-access laboratory space and is an experienced NGS facility. Launched in 2008, the GSAF currently processes over 5,000 NGS samples per year.

Our equipment and capabilities include:

1. Two Illumina HiSeq 2500 next-generation DNA sequencers and associated peripherals. The HiSeq can generate over 600 gigabases of sequence in an 11-day run or 120 gigabases in a ~1 day rapid run. The GSAF has experience generating small RNA, mRNA, genomic DNA fragment, RAD (including ddRAD), bacterial and fungal metagenomics, and genomic DNA large-insert mate-pair libraries for the Illumina platform.

2. Two Illumina MiSeq next-generation DNA sequencers and associated peripherals. The MiSeq is intended for lower data output, faster turn-around time projects, or for projects requiring longer read lengths (up to 600 bp per template, as two 300 bp sequences).

3. Informatic tools and hardware sufficient for analysis of next-generation DNA sequencing data, including:
   a. Multiple Dell PowerEdge R900 & R720 servers with 16-32 cores each, with BWA, Bowtie, Shrimp, SOAP, and mapreads aligners, NCBI BLAST, and R/Bioconductor, and several de novo assemblers, sequence editors, and genome browsers.
   b. The resources of Lonestar, a 22,656 core supercomputer, and Stampede, a 400,000 core supercomputer, both hosted by UT’s Texas Advanced Computing Center, with 15 petabyte of scratch disk storage.
   c. The GSAF has software stacks and experience appropriate to your project and both we and TACC staff can assist you in training your students to use this resource effectively.

Lab protocols we are experienced with:

- Creation of fragment (single-end or paired-end) sequencing libraries for all Illumina next-gen sequencers
- Creation of mate-pair or “jumping” sequencing libraries between 1.5kb and 4kb for Illumina next-gen sequencers
- Creation of RNA-seq libraries from total RNA, small RNA, and immuno-precipitated RNA for Illumina next-gen sequencers
- Creation of amplicon libraries (particularly 16s and ITS regions) for the Illumina next-gen sequencers
- Human exome and custom capture with the Agilent SureSelect, Illumina TruSeq, and Nimblegen SeqCap EZ kits
- Sample and library QC using the Agilent BioAnalyzer, Picogreen and Ribogreen fluorimetry, qPCR, and spectrophotometry

Bioinformatic protocols we are experienced with:

- RNA-seq for transcript abundance, alternative splicing analysis, and variant detection
- SNP/variant analysis
- small RNA abundance and alternative editing analysis
- de novo and reference-guided assembly from fragment, paired-end, and mate-pair data on both DNA and RNA (transcriptomes)
- Whole exome data analysis

Instruments in our lab:

- Illumina HiSeq 2500 sequencers (two)
- Illumina MiSeq sequencers (two)
- Illumina NextSeq 500 sequencer (one)
- Covaris S220 Adaptive Focused Acoustic shearing device
- DigiLab HydroShear shearing device
- Agilent BioAnalyzer 2100
- Agilent TapeStation
- Invitrogen Qubit fluorimeter

Computational and software resources:

- The GSAF hosts a Dell R720 32-core, 196 GB server with a total of 74 TB local disk dedicated to NGS analysis. Access is available free of charge to all GSAF customers. We maintain a wide range of tools for NGS analysis and assembly on this server. Here are instructions to Getting an account on our server.

- In addition, the GSAF uses and works with the TACC bioinformatics group, supporting tools and applications suitable to the TACC environment.

- Want to get started? Contact us if we can help, or here’s some documentation describing how to submit samples to the GSAF.

- Need to start analyzing your data? Get an account on our computational server. New to Unix? Check out some Unix and Perl resources for beginners.

Need Accounts? Here’s how you can get an account on the GSAF server

Welcome to the UT GSAF Wiki - a central source of information for next-gen sequencing at UT Austin.

All are welcome to explore. With a UT EID you may also edit and contribute. Please sign up for our user group email to get notifications of upcoming seminars, NGS club meetings, and changes to service. Just hit “subscribe”, enter your email address, and “submit”. You don’t have to
Reference Pages (GSAF and user contributed)

Browse the wiki:

**Software and Reference Genomes**

The Software section of the BioITeam wiki site lists software available on the GSAF Server Fourierseq and/or TACC and how to use it. The Reference Genomes and Databases section lists pre-installed reference genomes and their mapping indexes.

**Lab Protocols and Oligo Sequences**

Lab Protocols and Oligo Sequences are useful if you are designing experiments or preparing your own libraries.

**User Project Analysis Pages**

Use User Project Pages to work with the GSAF about an ongoing analysis project - user editable, share with your PI! Note that in-process laboratory status updates are not stored here.

**How to...**

How to submit samples to the GSAF

How to download your data

Thanks to Craig Dupree of CCBB for pointing us to the UT Wikis infrastructure!